

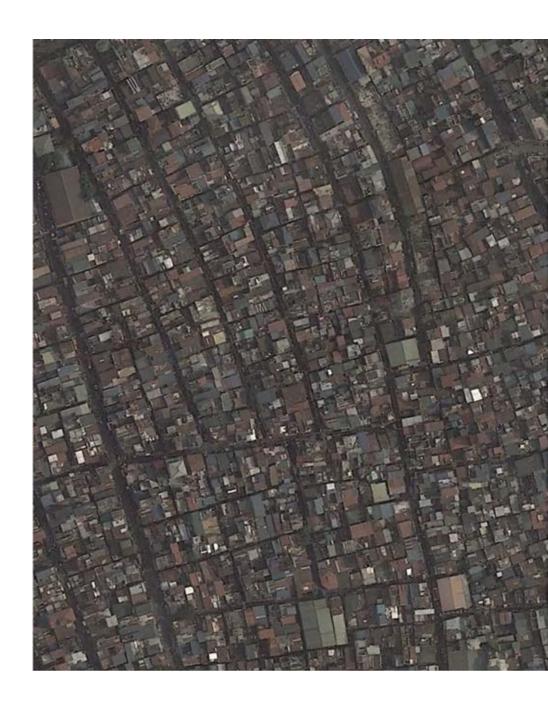
# CONFLICT IN URBAN ENVIRONMENTS

CLEMENTINE RENDLE, REGIONAL LEGAL ADVISER



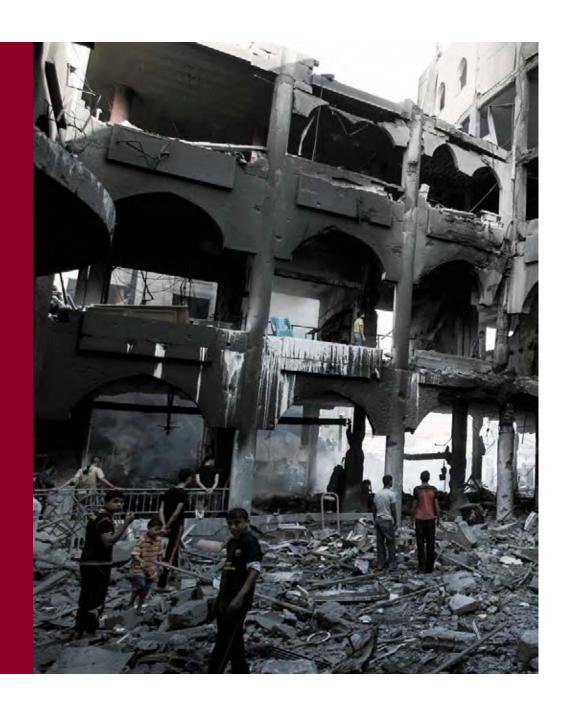
# **CONTENTS**

- 1. Patterns of civilian harm in an urban environment
- 2. Essential services and civilian infrastructure
- 3. Preventing and addressing civilian harm
- 4. Resources



# PATTERNS OF CIVILIAN HARM



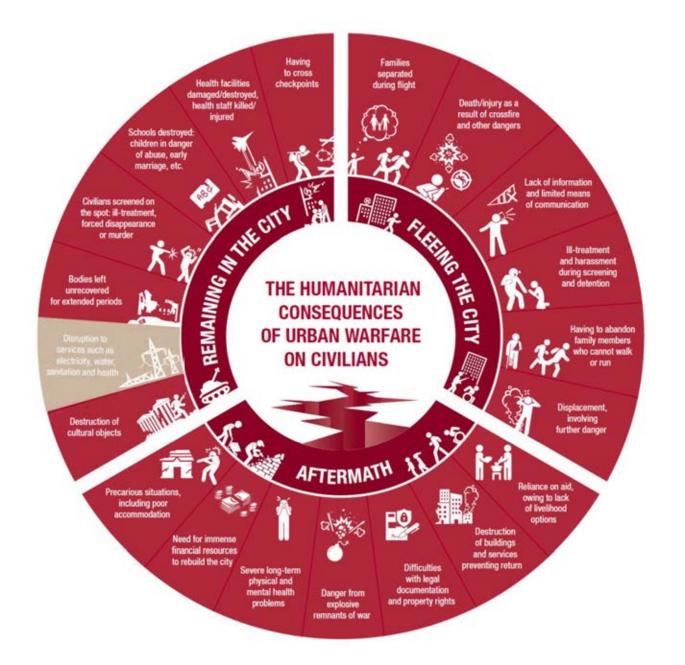


PATTERNS OF CIVILIAN HARM

# **CHALLENGES**

- characteristics of the environment
- vulnerability of civilians therein
- asymmetry of forces
- military tactics and weapons
- duration

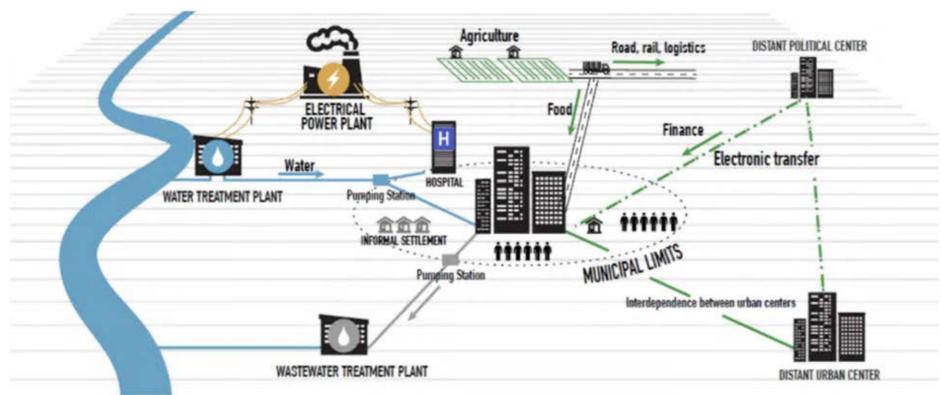








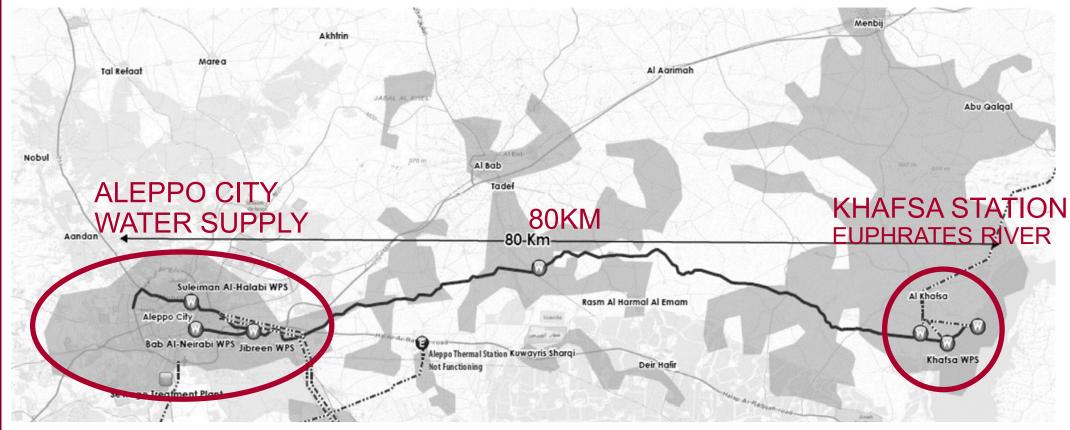
#### **CHARACTERISTICS**



- →SIZE
- → COMPLEXITY
- →INTERCONNECTIVITY AND INTERDEPENDENCE
- → HIERARCHY OF INFRASTRUCTURE



#### **CHARACTERISTICS**





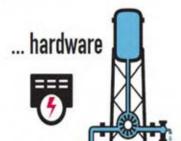


### **CHARACTERISTICS**

All essential services depend on ...

... people















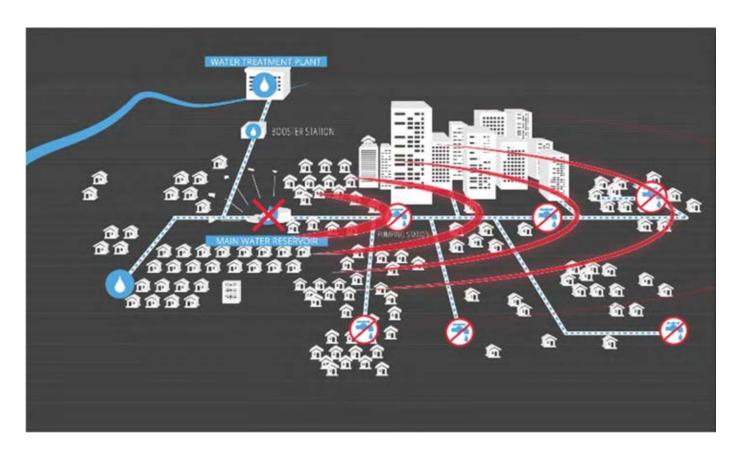




Animation: ICRC, Explosive weapons in populated areas, https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x25Hv2zB1cY



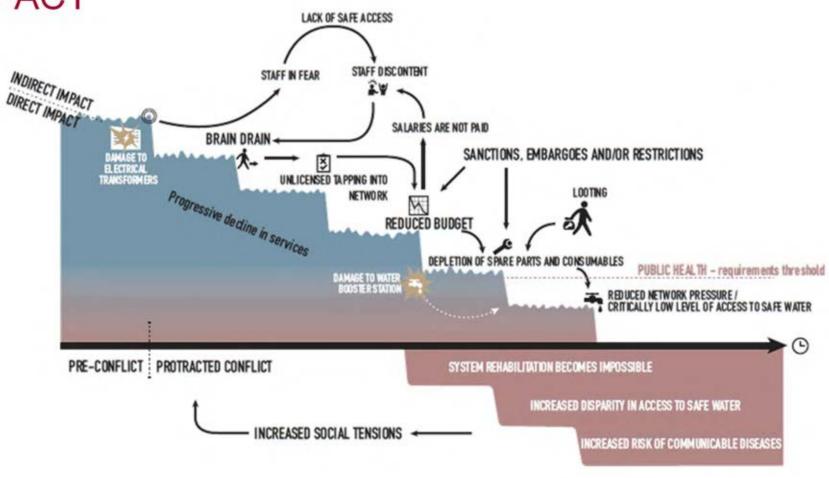
### **IMPACT**







# IMPACT









# IHL / LOAC

- Conduct of hostilities rules:
  - Distinction
  - Proportionality
  - Precautions
- Siege/encirclement tactics
- Evacuations and forced displacement
- Human shields



# EXPLOSIVE WEAPONS IN POPULATED AREAS

- Wide area effects:
  - Large destructive radius
  - Lack of accuracy
  - Multiple munitions over wide areas
- Grave pattern of harm
- Likelihood of indiscriminate attack





# EWIPA POLITICAL DECLARATION

- Train armed forces on IHL, policies and good practices
- Policies and practices to avoid civilian harm, including restricting and refraining from use of EWIPA
- Take into account reasonably foreseeable direct and indirect effects in planning and execution
- Collateral damage assessments
- Share data on civilian harm and expertise



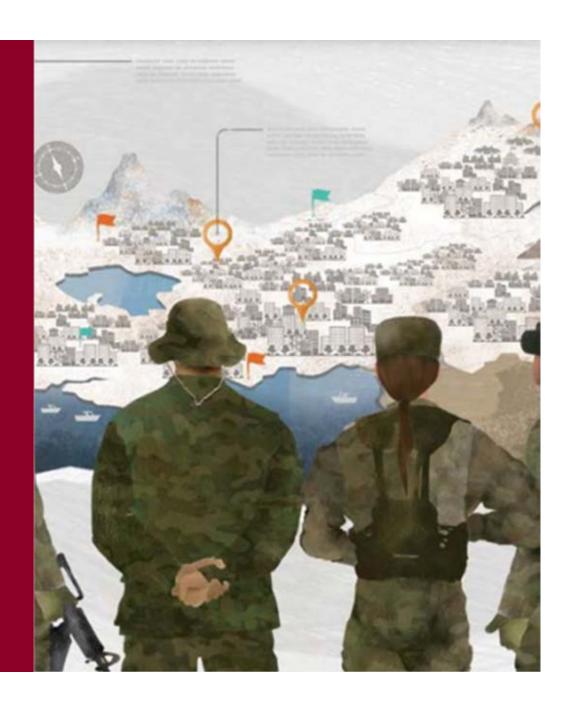
## DOCTRINE

 Reflect 'why' and 'how' of Protection of Civilians

## **TRAINING**

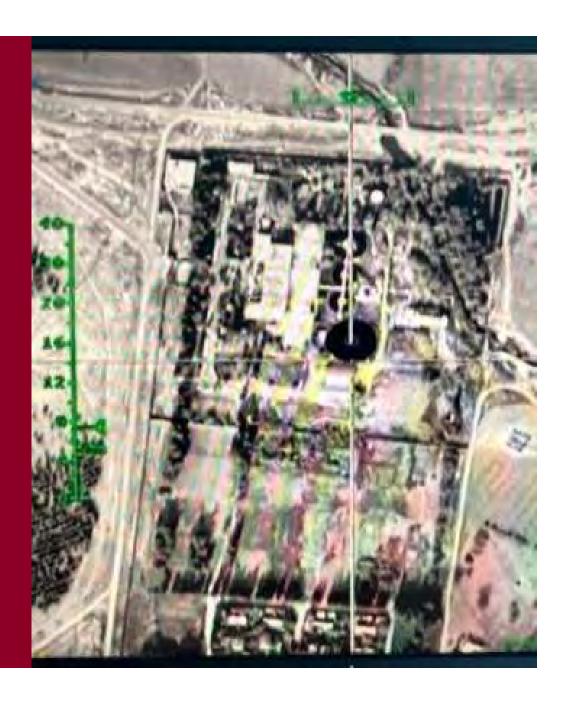
- A focus on fighting in populated areas rather than fighting in built up areas
- Should as far as possible involve a representative civilian population





### **PLANNING**

- Set expectations
- Consider 'human terrain' in all respects
- Detailed planning for specific operations (ie evacuations and screening)
- Reflect likely civilian actions and reactions in evaluation of courses of action (wargaming)



## **OPERATIONS**

- Avoid urban combat
- IHL compliance
- All feasible precautions
- Choice of weapons and tactics
- Track civilian harm
- Investigations & learning



# PARTNERED OPERATIONS

- Ensure approaches to PoC aligned and consistent with IHL
- Training
- Share knowledge and expertise
  - Environment
  - Systems and processes
  - Lessons
- Ensure explosive weapons avoided, including limiting arms transfers



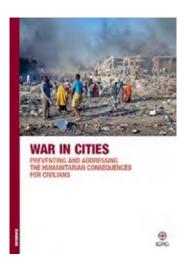


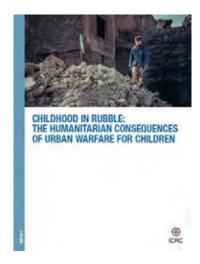
### KEY TAKEAWAYS

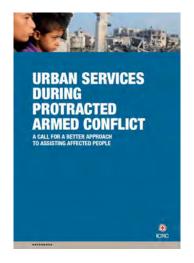
- Better compliance with IHL
- Reassess approach to operations in urban environments
- Impact on essential civilian services and humanitarian consequences are often foreseeable and so can be mitigated
- Avoid the use of explosive weapons in populated areas
- Tailor support to allies and partners to minimize humanitarian consequences and enhance protection

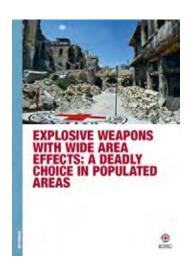


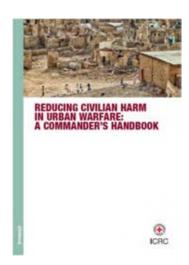
## RESOURCES











WAR IN CITIES:
PREVENTING AND
ADDRESSING THE
HUMANITARIAN
CONSEQUENCES
FOR CIVILIANS

CHILDHOOD IN RUBBLE:
THE HUMANITARIAN CONSEQUENCES
OF URBAN
WARFARE FOR
CHILDREN

URBAN SERVICES
DURING
PROTRACTED
ARMED CONFLICT:
A CALL FOR A
BETTER
APPROACH TO
ASSISTING
AFFECTED
PEOPLE

EXPLOSIVE
WEAPONS WITH
WIDE AREA
EFFECTS:
A DEADLY CHOICE
IN POPULATED
AREAS

REDUCING
CIVILIAN HARM IN
URBAN WARFARE:
A COMMANDER'S
HANDBOOK



# THANK YOU



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